## MOD7-MW380- Well Woman Family Planning

- 1. Which of the following family-planning methods is characterized by tracking cervical mucus, basal body temperature, and other positive ovulation signs to avoid pregnancy?
  - a. Fertility awareness method
  - b. Withdrawal method
  - c. Calendar method
  - d. Natural method
- 2. Which of the following contraceptive agents acts to prevent pregnancy by creating an environment that is not receptive to living sperm?
  - a. Condoms
  - b. Withdrawal method
  - c. Diaphragm
  - d. Spermicide
- 3. Which of the following is an advantage of using a barrier method over a nonbarrier method of contraception?
  - a. Barrier methods are easier to use and provide comfort for both partners
  - b. Barrier methods prevent against Sexually Transmitted infections
  - c. Barrier methods are less costly then non-barrier methods
  - d. Barrier methods are easy for young people to use while other methods may be too complicated
- 4. Which of the following contraceptive methods is most effective in preventing the transmission of HIV?
  - a. Diaphragm
  - b. Fertility awareness
  - c. Condoms
  - d. IUD
- 5. Which of the following factors is MOST important when using a diaphragm to prevent pregnancy?
  - a. The diaphragm must be fitted properly to the individual
  - b. The diaphragm must be less the 30 days old
  - c. The diaphragm can only be used with specific brands of spermicide
  - d. The diaphragm is left in place for at least 18 hours after intercourse
- 6. Which of the following contraceptive devices prevents pregnancy by altering the uterine environment so that sperm and egg cannot effectively meet-up?
  - a. Hormonal implant
  - b. Condoms
  - c. Diaphragm
  - d. IUD

- 7. Which method of contraception is administered by injection every three months and prevents pregnancy by controlling ovulation?
  - a. Birth control ring
  - b. IUD
  - c. Depo-Provera
  - d. Birth control implant
- 8. Which of the following statements about condoms is true?
  - a. Only Latex, not lambskin condoms, protect against sexually transmitted infections (STIs) and pregnancy.
  - b. Latex condoms are only effective at preventing against STIs when used with spermicidal lubricant
  - c. Latex condoms are safe to use with any type of lubricant including oilbased lubricant
  - d. Lambskin condoms protect against pregnancy and bacterial STIs but not again viral STIs
- 9. Which of the following forms of contraception is permanent?
  - a. IUD
  - b. Tubal ligation
  - c. Depo-Provera
  - d. Hormonal implant
- 10. How does the cervical cap prevent pregnancy?
  - a. The cap is used to prevent ejaculation from occurring
  - b. The cap is fitted over the cervix to prevent sperm from entering
  - c. The cap is a holder for spermicide that ultimately kills sperm
  - d. The cap is used to prevent STIs but not pregnancy